

明志科技大學 103 學年度第 1 學期轉學生考試試題

系(組)別：第一群組、第二群組

部別及年級：日間部、進修部 2 年級

科目：英文

總分：100 分

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I. 字彙及片語(單一選擇題，共 15 題，每題 2.5 分，答錯不倒扣。)

1. () My girlfriend has an endless list of close male friends, and I am _____ of all of them.
(A) clear (B) oppose (C) jealous (D) valuable
2. () At the _____ to the Museum is a great display of photographs and paintings.
(A) entrance (B) firm (C) visitor (D) width
3. () To solve unemployment, there is a(n) _____ need to provide new jobs as soon as possible.
(A) tension (B) urgent (C) emotional (D) distant
4. () Only by research are we able to get a _____ picture of what is really happening.
(A) fake (B) complete (C) blank (D) frank
5. () Here is a checklist to help you _____ whether a result is satisfactory.
(A) move (B) ignore (C) fix (D) determine
6. () With our eyes, it is possible to _____ between two stars which differ by only some degree of brightness.
(A) distinguish (B) express (C) shine (D) sparkle
7. () Knowledge remembered as a list of facts is of little _____ use unless backed up by activities that put it to work.
(A) practical (B) precious (C) minor (D) hopeful
8. () The captain who was _____ for the oil spill was fined \$5,500.
(A) terrific (B) responsible (C) instant (D) effective
9. () With young children it is often not good to offer cookies as a(n) _____ for eating the main course.
(A) reward (B) transfer (C) fuel (D) entertainment
10. () Many people believe that a great house is a symbol of status and _____.
(A) estimate (B) review (C) moral (D) wealth
11. () The origin of much of the Australian Aboriginal culture still remains a(n) _____.
(A) strength (B) intersection (C) mystery (D) youth
12. () The purpose of the United Nations is to _____ international peace and maintain security.
(A) concrete (B) cooperate (C) promote (D) invent

13. () "In the _____ economic conditions we have to keep costs down," said the spokesman.
 (A) efficient (B) current (C) gradual (D) good
14. () You have to _____ the connection between these incidents.
 (A) fall out (B) take out (C) turn out (D) figure out
15. () We really can't believe that you _____ such a well-paid job.
 (A) turn down (B) break down (C) cut down (D) let down

II. 克漏字測驗 (共 15 題，每題 2.5 分，每題有四個選項，請依各篇短文文意，選出一個最適合該空格的答案。答錯不倒扣。)

As soccer fans from around the world watch the World Cup 2014, there are 16 people looking in from out of this world.

German spaceman Alexander Gerst will be 17 on his team from 230 miles (370 kilometers) above Earth aboard the International Space Station, with spacemen Reid Wiseman and Steve Swanson from the U.S.

The three men have trained together for years to work as 18, but now it seems they're feeling a little friendly competition. And with just hours to go before the start of the 2014 World Cup, fans 19 all over the world are gathering for the event on Copacabana Beach.

Host Brazil will open the tournament against Croatia, the result of which has already been predicted by "Big Head," the 20 Brazilian psychic turtle. He swam to the Brazilian side of his pool, which means he thinks the home team will win.

16. () (A) much (B) a little (C) a few (D) no
17. () (A) freezing (B) cheering (C) competing (D) cheating
18. () (A) crews (B) a crew (C) spaces (D) a space
19. () (A) from (B) in (C) around (D) to
20. () (A) all-knows (B) all-know (C) all-knowing (D) all-knew

Some 21 hackers broke into the security networks of the National Defense Department. Officials did not say 22 what the hackers were targeting, but at least one anonymous source said that some sensitive information 23 stolen. It is just the latest break-in at the Defense Department. The number of hackings has increased recently. 24 one source, the hackings have wreaked havoc on the defense's security system. However, if anything positive can come out of this then maybe it could be that the hackers have shown the military's shortcomings when it comes 25 Internet security. Perhaps now the military can work towards preventing these crimes in the future by exploiting what they have learned from the hackers.

21. () (A) unknow (B) unknew (C) unknown (D) unknowns
 22. () (A) exactly (B) exact (C) simple (D) simply
 23. () (A) have (B) have been (C) has (D) has been
 24. () (A) Along with (B) As with (C) As a result of (D) According to
 25. () (A) for (B) to (C) via (D) on

Nassaf came to America almost fifteen years ago from India. He came from a very large family that lived in 26 in Mumbai. Nassaf's parents 27 a better life for him. His parents worked hard to send him to school and Nassaf studied hard and eventually graduated from medical school. He saved his money for a long time and 28 the U.S. When he arrived, Nassaf faced many difficulties, including racism because he didn't speak English well. People branded him as a lazy immigrant who didn't want to learn the language. Even though he was a doctor, he was denied the proper visa due to his 29 language skills. Still determined, Nassaf accepted any jobs that a migrant worker could get. He did factory work, worked on farms, and even drove a taxi for a short time. But he spent every free minute 30 English. Today, Nassaf speaks English very fluently and works at the hospital.

26. () (A) poverty (B) poor (C) poorism (D) poorly
 27. () (A) dreamed of (B) grew out of (C) took of (D) informed of
 28. () (A) looked for (B) left for (C) worked for (D) set for
 29. () (A) excellent (B) bilingual (C) poor (D) amazing
 30. () (A) study (B) studies (C) studied (D) studying

III. 閱讀測驗（以下有兩篇短文，共有 10 個題目，每題 2.5 分，請於閱讀短文後，選出最適當的答案。答錯不倒扣。）

First, prepare three things: two pieces of paper, a pencil, and an *ordinary* envelope. Think of today's date. Multiply the year by two (for example, $2014 \times 2 = 4028$). Write this number on a piece of paper and put it in the envelope.

Now, put on your magician's hat. It's show time! Give someone a piece of paper as well as a pencil and ask, "Write down the year you were born." Tell him/her not to make up the numbers. Next say, "Think of an important *event* in your life" (for example, the year the person began school). Say, "Write down the year it happened." Then say, "Write down the age you will be at the end of this year." Next ask, "How many years ago was the important event? Write down that number."

Ask the person to add up the four numbers. Ask, "What is the total?" Open your envelope. You will find that the numbers are the same. That's magic!

31. () What kind of text is this passage?
(A) A list of instructions
(B) An advertisement
(C) A prescription written by a doctor
(D) A research article
32. () What don't you need to do this magic trick?
(A) pencil
(B) envelope
(C) magic power
(D) pieces of paper
33. () What will the total of the four numbers be?
(A) Twice the year of the important event
(B) Twice the person's age
(C) Twice this year
(D) Twice the year the person was born
34. () What does the word *ordinary* in paragraph 1 refer to?
(A) very special
(B) not special
(C) very soft
(D) not soft
35. () What does the word *event* in paragraph 2 refer to?
(A) a date
(B) a birthday
(C) some date that the person remembers
(D) something that happened before

The government in England wants to bring back healthy school lunches. The government is going to **ban** French fries, chocolate, and fizzy drinks from school cafeterias. There will be no more food that is high in salt and fat. It has made the decision after the popular TV chef, Jamie Oliver, made a program about the poor quality of school meals. Millions of viewers were horrified to see children eat so much junk food.

Starting next year schools will have to make sure that their cafeterias regularly provide good-quality meat and fish. Children can get fresh vegetables or salad and fruit with every meal. Off the menu will be burgers and sausages, potato and tortilla chips, chocolate and chocolate cookies.

The government promises to spend about \$500 million to improve school meals. A government official says, "We want to provide children with a healthy meal that gives them the protein, vitamins, and minerals they need to study and play. We also plan to help schools teach children about what makes a good diet and how to prepare and cook healthy food. The number of overweight children in this country is too high and we must do something about it."

36. () Which one is the best title for this passage?
- (A) No more cookies
 - (B) No more school meals
 - (C) No more programs by Jamie Oliver
 - (D) No more junk food
37. () According to the passage, what can we expect to see in the school meals for children next year?
- (A) broccoli and tomatoes
 - (B) fried chicken
 - (C) potato chips
 - (D) fried rice
38. () Which of the following statements is true?
- (A) Jamie Oliver's program showed that school cafeterias in UK offered much junk food.
 - (B) Jamie Oliver's program taught people how to cook junk food.
 - (C) The meals shown in Jamie Oliver's program had very poor quality.
 - (D) Jamie Oliver cooked for many school cafeterias in the UK.
39. () Which of the following statements is NOT true?
- (A) The UK government will spend a lot of money making the school meals better.
 - (B) Children will not eat so much junk food at school since next year.
 - (C) There are not many overweight children in the UK right now.
 - (D) Children need healthy food to get enough physical strength to learn and play.
40. () What does the word **ban** in paragraph 1 refer to?
- (A) to forbid
 - (B) to promote
 - (C) to provide
 - (D) to suggest

